Zera Shimshon

by Rabbi Shimshon Chaim Nachmani zt"l Published Mantua 1778*

Chapter III: Lech Lecha (Gen. 12:1-17:27)

Essay 21. Tension between Abraham and Sarah

פְּסוּק "הָנֵה־נָא עֲצָרַנִי ה' מִלֶּדֶת בּאֹ־נָא אֶל־שִׁפְחָתִי אוּלֵי אָבֶּנֶה מִמֶּנָה" וְכוּוֹ. יֵשׁ מְפָּרְשִׁים שֶׁכַּוָונַת שֶׂרָה הָיְתָה שֶׁהוֹאִיל שֶׁהַמְּתְפַּלְלָה עַל חָבֵירוֹ וְהוּא צָרִידְּ לְאוֹתוֹ דָּבָר הוּא נַעֲנֶה תְּחִלָּה אַף הִיא בַּהִתְפּלְלָה עַל הָגָר תִּהְיֶה נַעְנֵית הְחִלָּה. שֶׁרָת פַּלְלָה לָמָה לֹא נַעֲנֵית הִיא תְּחַלָּה. שֶׁרָה עַל הָגָר, דְּאִי מֵּימָא שֶׁהֹתְפּלְלָה לְמָה לֹא נַעֲנֵית הִיא תְּחַלָּה.

There is a verse: "And Sarai said to Abram, 'Look, the L-rd has kept me from bearing. Consort with my maid; perhaps I shall be built up [i.e., have a child] through her.' And Abram heeded Sarai's request." There are those who comment that the intent of Sarah was thus: One who prays on behalf of his friend, and he needs the same thing as his friend, [the one praying] is answered first. Thus, even [Sarah] in her praying for Hagar would be answered first. But a difficulty is that we don't find that Sarah prayed for Hagar, for if you say that she prayed for her, why wasn't she answered first?

ְוִצֵשׁ לוֹמֵר שֶׁשֶּׂרָה הָיְתָה סְבוּרָה שֶׁעָפּוּב הַרָיוֹן שֶׁלָּה בָּא מִצַּד אַבְרָהָם שֶׁלֹא הָיָה רָאוּי לְהוֹלִיד, וּמִכָּל מָקוֹם בָּחֲרָה [בְּצַרַת] נַפְשָׁה לִימֵן לוֹ אֵת הָגָר כְּדֵי לְהִתְּפַּלֵל אַחַר כָּךְ אֶל ה' שֶׁיִּתֵּן לוֹ בָּנִים מִהָּגָר. וּמְתוֹךְ כָּדְּ תִּהְיֶה הִיא נַעֲנֵית תְּחִלָּה שֻׁאַבְרָהָם יוֹלִיד אַף עִמָּה, וְזָהוּ שֶׁאָמְרָה "אוּלֵי אִבָּנָה מִמֶּנָּה", אוּלֵי יִצְטָרֵךְ שֶׁאָנִי אֶתְפַּלֵל בִּשְׁבִילָה וּבִשְׁבִיל אַבְרָהָם, אֲבָל עִם הָגָר לֹא הוּצְרַךְ לִזָה דְּהָא "וַיָּבֹא אֱל־הָגָר וַמַּהַר" וָכוּ' וֹמִיּלְל גִּבְרְתָּהּ" וְכוּ'.

It can be said that Sarah believed that the hindrance of her pregnancy came from Abraham's side, that he was not worthy to have a child, and in any case, she chose with difficulty in her soul to give him Hagar in order to afterward pray to G-d that He should give him children from Hagar. For this reason, she would first accept that Abraham would have a child even with her, and this is the reason that she said, "perhaps I will be built up through her," maybe he will need that I prayer for her and for Abraham, but with Hagar it wasn't necessary for this, as "[Abraham] cohabited with Hagar and she conceived," and immediately, "her mistress was lowered in her esteem."

1

^{*} English translation: Copyright © 2022 by Charles S. Stein. Additional essays are at https://www.zstorah.com

¹ Gen. 16:2.

² Bava Kamma 92a.

³ Gen. 16:4.

ְוְשֶׂרָה נִתְרָצְמָה עִם אַבְרָהָם וְאָמָרָה לוֹ "חָמָסִי עָלֶיף", שֶׁלֹא הִתְפַּלַּלְתָּ אֶלָּא בִּשְׁבִילְךּ שֶׁאָמַרְתָּ "מַה־תִּתֶּן־לִי וְאָנֹכִי הוֹלֵךְ עֲרִירִי" וְכוּ' וְהקב"ה הֵשִׁיב לְדּ "לֹא יִירָשְׁךּ זָה", שְׁמַע מִינַּה שֶׁלֹּא חָשַׁבְתָּ אֶלָּא שֶׁיִּהְיֶה לְדְּ בֵּן יוֹרֵשׁ נַחֲלָה וְלֹא חָשַׁבְתָּ כְּלוּם עַלֵי שֶׁיִּהְיֶה לְדָּ בֵּן מִמֵּנִי, שִׁמַע מִינַּה שֵׁאֵין אַתָּה חוֹשֵׁב אוֹתִי לִכְלוּם, וְזָה נַתַן מִקוֹם לְהָגַר שֵׁתִּזֹלֵלְ בִּי.

Sarah was angry with Abraham and said to him, "'The wrong done to me is your fault,'4 that you only prayed for your own sake, when you said, 'O L-rd, what can You give me, seeing that I shall die childless, and the one in charge of my household is Damascus Eliezer, . . . Since You have granted me no offspring, my steward will be my heir,' and the Holy One, Blessed be He, answered you, 'That one shall not be your heir; none but your very own issue shall be your heir.' Hear from this that you only thought that you would have a son to inherit your estate, and you thought nothing of me, that you would have a son from me. Hear from this that you thought nothing of me, and that made possible for Hagar to despise me."

וְאָם תּאֹמֵר שֶׁאַתָּה הָיִתָּ סוֹבֵר שֶׁהָעָפּוּב הָיָה בָּא בֵּין מִמֶּנִי וּבֵין מִמְּדְּ וְלֹא רָצִיתָ לִשְׁאוֹל הַרְבֵּה מֵאֵת הַמֶּקוֹם רַק מַה שֶׁהָיָה מֹּיְרָת לְבָד, דּוּמְיָא לְמָה שֶׁכָּתְבוּ הַתּוֹסְפּוֹת בַּפֶּרֶק ט' דְּמְצִיעָא (דַּף ק"ו ד"ה לְנִיסָא) שֻׁאֵין הקב"ה מְקבֵּל הַתְּפַלָּה מִמִּי שֻׁמִּתְפּלֵּל עֵל דָּבְר אֶחָד בִּלְבַד דְּהַיְינוּ שֶׁיַּצְלִיחוּ חִטִים אוֹ שְׁעוֹרִים שֶׁלוֹ אָז שֶׁיִצְלַח כָּל מַה שֶׁיִזְרַע, אָם לֹא בַּדֶּרֶךְ נֵס, אֲבָל אִם מִתְפַּלֵּל עַל דָּבָר אֶחָד בְּלְבֵד דְּהַיְינוּ שֶׁיַצְלִיחוּ חִטִים אוֹ שְׁעוֹרִים שֶׁלוֹ אָז דְּקְבֵּץ מְקבּל תְּפִלְתוֹ. וּמְשׁוּם הָכִי לֹא הִתְפַּלּלְתָּ אֶלָּא עָלֶיךּ, אִם כֵּן הֵם דְּבָרִים הַמְּסוּרִים לְלַב, שֶׁאֵינוֹ יוֹדֵעַ בָּהֶם אֶלָּא הַמְּקוֹם, וְלַבֵן "יִשְׁפֹּט הּ' בִּינִי וּבִינִיךּ".

"Maybe you will say that you were of the opinion that the obstacle was between me and you, and you did not want to ask much from the Omnipresent, only what was necessary. This is similar to what the Tosafists wrote for the ninth chapter of tractate Bava Metzia (page 106a, text beginning 'a small miracle'), that the Holy One, Blessed be He, would not have even accepted for consideration a prayer from one who prayed very broadly that he should succeed in whatever he plants, unless he were someone who was worthy of a miracle. But if he were to pray for only one thing, that his wheat or his barley should succeed, then [G-d] would at least accept his prayer for consideration. Perhaps because of this, you only prayed for yourself. If so, these are matters given to the heart, which only the Omnipresent knows, and therefore, 'G-d will judge between me and you.' "

* * *

⁴ Gen. 16:5.

⁵ Gen. 15:2–3.

⁶ Gen. 15:4.

⁷ Gen. 16:5.