# **Zera Shimshon**

by Rabbi Shimshon Chaim Nachmani zt"l Published Mantua 1778\*

## Chapter XIV: Va'era (Ex. 6:2–9:35)

Essay 17. Lice, boils, and darkness

בַּשׁ לָתַת טַעַם לָמָה בְּמַכּת הַכָּנִים וְהַשְּׁחִין וְהַחֹשֶׁךְ לֹא מִצִּינוּ בָּהֶן הַתְרָאָה אֶל פַּרְעֹה קוֹדֶם הַמַּכָּה כְּמוֹ בְּכָל שְׁאָר הַמַּכּוֹת. דְאִיתָא בַּיַּלְקוּט הָראוּבֵנִי בְּשֵׁם סֵפֶּר הִפְּלִיאָה, שְׁלֹשָׁה מַכּוֹת הָיוּ מְשַׁמְשׁוֹת בְּיַחַד עִם כִּנִּים שְׁחִין וְחֹשֶׁךְ, בְּכָל מַכָּה שֶׁשִׁימְשָׁה אַחַת שִׁימִשׁוּ שִׁמַּיִם הָאָחֵרוֹת עָמָה, הֵרֵי כִּנִּים שְׁחָן חֹשֶׁךְ כָּלוּלֵה כֹּל אַחַת מִשְׁלַשְׁתַּן כַּזָה:

> כנם שחן חשך

> > עכ"ל.

We should give a reason why for the third, sixth, and ninth plagues of lice [כנם] [kinim] and boils [שחת] [shichin] and darkness [חשר] [choshech], we don't find a warning to Pharaoh prior to the plague, as was given before all the remaining plagues. As it is brought in the Yalkut Re'uveini, in the name of the Sefer HaPliah, three plagues are served together with lice: boils and darkness. With each plague that was served, two others were operative with it. Thus, lice and boils and darkness include the other two with it, as shown. If we write the words horizontally: kinim, shichin, choshech, in three rows of three columns, we see that we can read the same words vertically, from bottom to top, left to right: choshech, shichin, and kinim.<sup>3</sup>

וּלְפִי זֶה לֹא הָיָה יָכוֹל מֹשֶׁה לְהַתְרוֹת עַל אַחַת מֵהֶן לְבַדָּה שֶׁהֲרֵי הָיוּ שְׁמַּיִם הָאֲחֵרוֹת מְשַׁמְשׁוֹת עִמָּה וְנִמְצָא חַס וְשָׁלוֹם מֹשֶׁה בַּדָּאי, וּלְהַתְרוֹת עַל כַּלָּן אִי אָפְשָׁר שֶׁעֲדַיִין לֹא הִגִּיעַ הּוְּמַן הָעָקָרִי שֶׁל הַמַּכָּה הָאַחֶרֶת.

According to this, Moses could not have warned Pharaoh about one of them alone, for the other two were served with it, and it would be found, G-d forbid, that Moses was a liar. Also, to warn about all three of them at once was impossible, for the principal time had not yet arrived for the other two plague[s].

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