Zera Shimshon

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Chapter XLVII: Re'eh (Deut. 11:26-16:17)

Essay 7. The reward and blessings of giving charitably based on the recipient's need

ינרי. "קַבָּרָ יִקּהָ לוֹ וְלֹא־יֵרַע לְבָּבְרּ

Regarding giving charity to an impoverished Jew, the Torah says: "Give! You shall surely give to him, and your heart shall not be grieved in giving to him, for because of this, the L-rd your G-d will bless you in all your efforts and in all your undertakings" (Deut. 15:10).

ֵישׁ לְדַקְדֵּק הַכֶּפֶל שֶׁל "נָתוֹן תִּמֵּן", וְעוֹד לָמָה חָזַר לוֹמַר "בְּתִתְּדְּ לוֹ" וְהָיָה דֵּי לוֹמַר "נָתוֹן תִּמַּן לוֹ וְלֹא־יֵרַע לְבָבְדְּ . . . כִּי בִּגְלַל הַדָּבָר הַזָּה" וְכוּ'? וְעוֹד, שֶׁאָם יֵרַע לְבָבוֹ, לֹא יִרְצֶה לִיתֵּן לוֹ כָּלַל, וְהַכָּתוּב אוֹמֵר "וְלֹא־יֵרַע לְבָבְדְּ בְּתִתְּדְּ לוֹ" דַּוְקֵא. וְעוֹד מַהוּ "כִּי בִּגְלַל הַדָּבָר הַזָּה" מַשְׁמַע שֶׁבָּא לְמֵעֵט דְּבָר אַחַר?

Question 1: We need to scrutinize the doubling of the term "Give! You shall give to him" [נַתוֹן תָּהַן] [naton titen].1

Question 2: Also, why did the verse return to say "in giving to him," for it would have been sufficient to have omitted the words and to say, "Give! You shall give to him, and your heart shall not be grieved . . . , for because of this the L-rd your G-d will bless you in all your efforts and in all your undertakings."

Question 3: Also, if his heart will be grieved, we would expect that he wouldn't want to give [the impoverished person] anything, but Scripture says specifically, "your heart shall not be grieved in giving to him." The words "in giving to him" implies that he is definitely giving him something, so with regard to what should his heart not be grieved? Is it then with regard to the quantity that he gives?

Question 4: Also, why does it say, "for because of this," as "this" means excluding something else?

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¹ The term "נְחוֹן תְּחֵן" uses two words with the same root for "to give." Doubling frequently occurs in the Torah for emphasis, and thus the term is typically translated as "you shall surely give."

ְוְגֵשׁ לוֹמַר שָׁיֵשׁ שֵׁנִי מִינֵי חִיּוּבִים לַצְשׁוֹת הַצְּדָּקָה. גֵשׁ חִיּוּב שֶׁכָּל אִישׁ וְאִישׁ מְחוּיָיב לִיתֵּן כְּפִי הַשָּׁגַת יָדוֹ, דְּמִי שֻׁנָּתן לוֹ הקב"ה נְּכָסִים מְרוּבִּים חַיָּיב לִיתֵּן הַרְבֵּה, וּמִי שֶׁנָּתן לוֹ מְעַט חַיָּיב לִיתֵּן מְעַט. וְיֵשׁ חִיּוּב אַחַר, שָׁאִם הַנְּתִינָה לְפִי עֵּרֶף הַנְּכָסִים לֹא מַּסְפִּיק לַצּוֹרֶךְ הָעֲנִיִּים, לְפִי שֶׁהָם מְרוּבִּים אוֹ שֶׁלְאֵיזָה עֲנִי יִצְטָרֵךְ הַרְבֵּה כְּגוֹן לְפְדּוֹתוֹ מְבֵּית הַשֶּׁבִי אוֹ לְהוֹצִיאוֹ מְבֵּית הַשְּׁבִי אֵוֹ לְהוֹצִיאוֹ מְבֵּית הַשְּׁבִי אֵלֹא לְהִיוֹת הָאָבִי שְׁלֹא לְהִיוֹת הָשְׁלֹא לְהִיוֹת הָשְׁבָּי הַצּוֹרָך הָוּא חִיּוּב הַעָּנִי וְהוּא חִיּוּב לְפִי הַצּוֹרֵךְ.

It can be said that there are two types of obligation to give charity. There is the obligation incumbent upon each man, who is obligated to give according to his means, that one to whom the Holy One, Blessed be He, has given much property is obligated to give much, and one to whom He has given little is obligated to give a little. There is a different type of obligation: that if what one gives according to the value of his properties is not enough for the needs of the poor, either because they are many, or because one poor person needs much, for example to redeem him from captivity or to bring him out of prison, then it is necessary for every man to give more than it is otherwise proper for him to give. It's found that the first type of obligation is a necessary obligation in order that he not be ungrateful, and the second obligation is voluntary and is an obligation according to the need.

ּוּלְפִי זֶה כְּנָגֶד הַחִיּוּב הָרִאשׁוֹן אָמַר הַכָּתוּב "נָתוֹן" כְּלוֹמֵר כָּל אֶחָד מְחוּיָיב ליתֵּן לְפִי מַה שֶׁנָּתַן לוֹ הַמָּקוֹם, וּכְנָגֶד הַחִיּוּב הַשֵּׁנִי אָמֵר הַכְּתוּב "וְלֹא־יֵרַע לְבָרָּךּ בְּתִתְּּךּ לוֹ", אֵינִי אָמֵר "תִּתֵּן לוֹ", לוֹ דַּוְקָא לְפִי "מַחָסֹרוֹ אֲשֶׁר יֶחְסַר לוֹ". וּכְנֶגֶד זָה הַחִיּוּב הַשֵּׁנִי אָמֵר הַכְּתוּב "וְלֹא־יֵרַע לְבָרָּךּ בְּתִתְּּךּ לוֹ", אֵינִי רוֹמֵר מִפָּה שֶׁהָיָה מוּטְל עָלֶיךּ לִיתֵּן לְפִי עֵרֶךּ כִּמְוֹנְךְּ הָעָנִי יוֹתֵר מִפָּה שֶׁהָיָה מוּטְל עָלֶיךּ לִיתֵּן לְפִי עֵרֶךְ מְמוֹנְךְּ הֵין אַהָּה יָכוֹל לְהְיוֹת מְצַבֶּה לְתַשְׁלוּם גְּמוּל אוֹ לְתִקְנַת פְּרָס שֶׁהְרֵי כָּךְּ חוֹבְתְּךּ לְעֲשׁוֹת וְנִקְרָא כְּמוֹ בְּרִיעַת חוֹב.

Answer 1: According to this, corresponding to the first obligation, Scripture says, "Give!" [נְחוֹן] as if to say, "every one is obligated to give according to what the Omnipresent has given to him," and corresponding to the second obligation, [Scripture] says, "You shall give to him" [חַמֵּן לוֹן], "to him" specifically, according to "his need in whatever he lacks" (Deut. 15:8).

Answers 2 and 3: Corresponding to this second obligation, Scripture says, "your heart shall not be grieved in giving to him," i.e., "I don't want your heart to be grieved when you need to give money for the need of the poor [person] that is more than what was imposed upon you to give according to the value of your money." "For because of this, the L-rd your G-d will bless you in all your efforts and in all your undertakings," that when you give according to the value of your money, you are not able to look for a great reward or hope for a prize, for it is your obligation to act thus, and it is like repayment of a debt.

אָמְנָם כְּשֶׁאַתָּה צָרִידְּ לִיתֵּן יוֹתֵר מֵחוֹבָתָדְּ וּכְפִי צוֹרֶדְ הֶעָנִי, אָז אַתָּה יָכוֹל לְהִיוֹת מְצַפֶּה לְתִקְנַת פְּרָס, וְלָכֵן אָמֵר , "כִּי בִּגְלֹל הַדָּבָר הַזָּה" דַּוְקָא דְּהַיִינוּ הַחִּיּוּב הַשֵּׁנִי שֶׁל "תִּתֵּן לוֹ . . . יָבַרֶּכְדְּ ה' אֱלֹהֶידְּ".

Answer 4: Although when you need to give more than your obligation and according to the need of the poor [person], then you can expect a reward of a prize, and therefore [Scripture] said, "for because of this," which we said means excluding something else, "this" refers specifically the second obligation of "give to him . . . the L-rd your G-d will bless you in all your efforts and in all your undertakings."

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